

WORKERS' COMPENSATION RETAINER AGREEMENT

I, _____, employee, hereby retain LINDELL & LAVOIE, LLP, Attorneys at Law, 431 South 7th Street, Suite 2420, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55415 (612/339-8811), to represent me with regard to a workers' compensation claim arising from injuries I sustained on or about _____ while in the employ of _____.

For services rendered in seeking money compensation, I will pay Lindell & Lavoie, LLP a fee contingent on recovery as provided in and subject to the conditions and limitations of Minnesota Statutes Section 176.081.

Notice of Maximum Fee*

The maximum fee allowed by law for legal services is 25 percent of the first \$4,000 of compensation awarded to the employee and 20 percent of the next \$60,000 of compensation awarded to the employee subject to a cumulative maximum fee of \$13,000 for fees related to the same injury

The employee shall take notice that the employee is under no legal or moral obligation to pay any fee for legal services in excess of the foregoing maximum fee.

*This notice of maximum fee is inserted here as required by current statute. However, case law indicates that attorneys fees exceeding the maximum fee may be awarded under certain circumstances. Please take note that the undersigned attorney may apply for an Award of Attorneys Fees exceeding the maximum fee if warranted by the circumstances of your case. However, in no case will the requested attorney fee exceed the 25/20% formula recited above in the Notice of Maximum Fee.

No settlement of my claims may be made without my express authorization.

For their services in representing me at administrative conferences, in matters involving disputes between two or more employers or insurers, or procurement of medical or rehabilitation benefits exclusive of compensation, I agree to retain Lindell & Lavoie, LLP on an hourly basis, at the rate of \$335 per hour. Attorneys fees charged pursuant to this paragraph will be taxed against my employer and its insurer and will not be borne by me.

In addition to fees as described above, I will reimburse Lindell & Lavoie, LLP for any out-of-pocket expenses advanced by them in my behalf to the extent they are not taxed against and reimbursed by my employer or its insurer.

A copy of Minnesota Statutes section 176.081 is reproduced on the reverse side of this agreement and is incorporated herein. By my signature I acknowledge that I have read and understand the statute and that I have received a copy of this entire Retainer Agreement.

Dated: _____

Accepted:
Lindell & Lavoie, LLP

Employee

By _____

MINNESOTA STATUTES

176.081 Legal Services or disbursements; lien; review

Subd. 1. Limitation of Fees. (a) A fee for legal services of 25% of the first \$4,000 of compensation awarded to the employee and 20% of the next \$60,000 of compensation awarded to the employee is the maximum permissible fee and does not require approval by the commissioner, compensation judge or any other party. All fees, including fees for obtaining medical or rehabilitation benefits, must be calculated according to the formula under this subdivision, except as otherwise provided in clause (1) or (2).

(1) the contingent attorney fee for recovery of monetary benefits according to the formula in this section is presumed to be adequate to cover recovery of medical and rehabilitation benefit or services concurrently in dispute. Attorneys fees for recovery of medical or rehabilitation benefits or services shall be assessed against the employer or insurer only if the attorney establishes that the contingent fee is inadequate to reasonably compensate the attorney for representing the employee in the medical or rehabilitation dispute. In cases where the contingent fee is inadequate the employer or insurer is liable for attorney fees based on the formula in this subdivision or in clause (2).

For the purposes of applying the formula where the employer or insurer is liable for attorney fees, the amount of compensation awarded for obtaining disputed medical and rehabilitation benefits under sections 176.102, 176.135, and 176.136 shall be the dollar value of the medical or rehabilitation benefit awarded, where ascertainable.

(2) The maximum attorney fee for obtaining a change of doctor or qualified rehabilitation consultant, or any other disputed medical or rehabilitation benefit for which a dollar value is not reasonably ascertainable, is the amount charged in hourly fees for the representation or \$500, whichever is less, to be paid by the employer or insurer.

(3) The fees for obtaining disputed medical or rehabilitation benefits are included in the \$13,000 limit in paragraph (b). An attorney must concurrently file all outstanding disputed issues. An attorney is not entitled to attorney fees for representation in any issue which could reasonably have been addressed during the pendency of other issues for the same injury.

(b) All fees for legal services related to the same injury are cumulative and may not exceed \$13,000. If multiple injuries are the subject of a dispute, the commissioner, compensation judge, or court of appeals shall specify the attorney fee attributable to each injury.

(c) If the employer or the insurer or the defendant is given written notice of claims for legal services or disbursements, the claim shall be a lien against the amount paid or payable as compensation. Subject to the foregoing maximum amount of attorney fees, up to 25 percent of the first \$4,000 of periodic compensation awarded to the employee and 20 percent of the next \$60,000 of periodic compensation awarded to the employee may be withheld from the periodic payments for attorney fees or disbursements if the payor of the funds clearly indicates on the check or draft issued to the employee for payment the purpose of the withholding, the name of the attorney, the amount withheld, and the gross amount of the compensation payment before withholding. In no case shall fees be calculated on the basis of any undisputed portion of compensation awards. Allowable fees under this chapter shall be based solely upon genuinely disputed claims or portions of claims, including disputes related to the payment of rehabilitation benefits or to other aspects of a rehabilitation plan. The existence of a dispute is dependent upon a disagreement after the employer or insurer has had adequate time and information to take a position on liability. Neither the holding of a hearing nor the filing of an application for a hearing alone may determine the existence of a dispute, except where the employee is represented by an attorney in other litigation pending at the department or at the office of administrative hearings, a fee may not be charged after June 1, 1996, for services with respect to a medical or rehabilitation issue arising under section 176.102, 176.135, or 176.136 performed before the employee has consulted with the department and the department certifies that there is a dispute and that it has tried to resolve the dispute.

(d) An attorney who is claiming legal fees for representing an employee in a workers' compensation matter shall file a statement of attorney fees with the commissioner, compensation judge before whom the matter was heard, or workers' compensation court of appeals on cases before the court. A copy of the signed retainer agreement shall also be filed. The employee and insurer shall receive a copy of the statement. The statement shall be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and shall report the number of hours spent on the case.

(e) Employers and insurers may not pay attorney fees or wages for legal services of more than \$13,000 per case unless the additional fees or wages are approved under subdivision 2.

(f) Each insurer and self-insured employer shall file annual statements with the commissioner detailing the total amount of legal fees and other legal costs incurred by the insurer or employer during the year. The statement shall include the amount paid for outside and in-house counsel, deposition and other witness fees, and all other costs relating to litigation.

Subd. 2. Repealed by Laws 1995

Subd. 3 Review. A party that is dissatisfied with its attorney fees may file an application for review by the workers' compensation court of appeals. The application shall state the basis for the need of review and whether or not a hearing is requested. A copy of the application shall be served upon the party's attorney by the court administrator and if a hearing

is requested by either party, the matter shall be set for hearing. The notice of hearing shall be served upon known interested parties. The workers' compensation court of appeals shall have the authority to raise the issue of attorney fees at any time upon its own motion and shall have continuing jurisdiction over attorney fees.

Subd. 4. Repealed by Laws 1985

Subd. 5. Repealed by Laws 1995

Subd. 6. Rules. The commissioner, office of administrative hearings, and the workers' compensation court of appeals may adopt reasonable and proper joint rules to effect each of their obligations under this section.

Subd. 7 Award; additional amount. If the employer or insurer files a denial of liability, notice of discontinuance, or fails to make payment of compensation or medical expenses within the statutory period after notice of injury or occupational disease or otherwise unsuccessfully resists the payment of compensation or medical expenses, or unsuccessfully disputes the payment of rehabilitation benefits or other aspects of a rehabilitation plan, and the injured person has employed an attorney at law, who successfully procures payment on behalf of the employee or who enables the resolution of a dispute with respect to a rehabilitation plan, the compensation judge, commissioner or the workers' compensation court of appeals upon appeal, upon application, shall award to the employee against the insurer or self-insured employer or uninsured employer, in addition to the compensation benefits paid or awarded to the employee, an amount equal to 30% of that portion of the attorney's fee which has been awarded pursuant to this section that is in excess of \$250.

Subd. 7a Settlement offer. At any time prior to one day before a matter is to be heard, a party litigating a claim made pursuant to this chapter may serve upon the adverse party a reasonable offer of settlement of the claim, with provision for costs and disbursements then accrued. If before the hearing the adverse party serves written notice that the offer is accepted, either party may then file the offer and notice of acceptance, together with the proof of service thereof, and thereupon judgment shall be entered.

If an offer by an employer or insurer is not accepted by the employee, it shall be deemed withdrawn and evidence thereof is not admissible, except in a proceeding to determine attorney's fees.

The fact that an offer is made but not accepted does not preclude a subsequent offer.

Subd. 8. Repealed by Laws 1995.

Subd. 9 Retainer agreement. An attorney who is hired by an employee to provide legal services with respect to a claim for compensation made pursuant to this chapter shall prepare a retainer agreement in which the provisions of this section are specifically set out and provide a copy of this agreement to the employee. The retainer agreement shall provide a space for the signature of the employee. A signed agreement shall raise a conclusive presumption that the employee has read and understands the statutory fee provisions. No fee shall be awarded pursuant to this section in the absence of a signed retainer agreement.

The retainer agreement shall contain a notice to the employee regarding the maximum fee allowed under this section in ten-point type, which shall read:

Notice of Maximum Fee

The maximum fee allowed by law for legal services is 25 percent of the first \$4,000 of compensation awarded to the employee and 20 percent of the next \$60,000 of compensation awarded to the employee subject to a cumulative maximum fee of \$13,000 for fees related to the same injury.

The employee shall take notice that the employee is under no legal or moral obligation to pay any fee for legal services in excess of the foregoing maximum fee.

Subd. 10. Violations; penalty. An attorney who knowingly violates any of the provisions of this chapter with respect to authorized fees for legal services in connection with any demand made or suit or proceeding brought under the provisions of this chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Subd. 11. When fees due. Attorney fees and other disbursements for a proceeding under this chapter shall not be due or paid until the issue for which the fee or disbursement was incurred has been resolved.

Subd. 12. Sanctions; failure to prepare, appear or participate. If a party or party's attorney fails to appear at any conference or hearing scheduled under this chapter, is substantially unprepared to participate in the conference or hearing, or fails to participate in good faith, the commissioner or compensation judge, upon motion or upon its own initiative, shall require the party or the party's attorney or both to pay the reasonable expenses including attorney fees, incurred by the other party due to the failure to appear, prepare or participate. Attorney fees or other expenses may not be awarded if the commissioner or compensation judge finds that the noncompliance was substantially justified or that other circumstances would make the sanction unjust. The department of labor and industry, and the office of administrative hearings may by rule establish additional sanctions for failure of a party or the party's attorney to appear, prepare for, or participate in a conference or hearing.